

according to Regulation UK SI 2019/758 and UK SI 2020/1577 as amended

Creation Date 22-Sep-2009

Revision Date 09-Feb-2024

**Revision Number** 4

### SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1. Product identifier

Product Description:	Lead(II) fluoride
Cat No. :	88282
Index No	082-001-00-6
CAS No	7783-46-2
EC No	231-998-8
Molecular Formula	F2 Pb
REACH registration number	-

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Recommended Use	Laboratory chemicals.
Uses advised against	No Information available

#### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company	

Avocado Research Chemicals Ltd. (Part of Thermo Fisher Scientific) Shore Road, Heysham Lancashire, LA3 2XY, United Kingdom Office Tel: +44 (0) 1524 850506 Office Fax: +44 (0) 1524 850608

begel.sdsdesk@thermofisher.com

#### E-mail address

1.4. Emergency telephone number

For information **US** call: 001-800-227-6701 / **Europe** call: +32 14 57 52 11 Emergency Number **US**:001-201-796-7100 / **Europe:** +32 14 57 52 99 **CHEMTREC** Tel. No. **US**:001-800-424-9300 / **Europe**:001-703-527-3887

### **SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

CLP Classification - According to GB-CLP Regulations UK SI 2019/720 and UK SI 2020/1567

#### Physical hazards

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

#### Health hazards

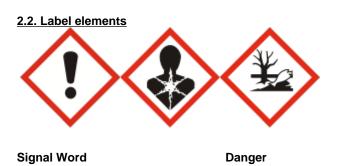
#### Lead(II) fluoride

Acute oral toxicity Acute Inhalation Toxicity - Dusts and Mists Reproductive Toxicity Specific target organ toxicity - (repeated exposure)

#### Environmental hazards

Acute aquatic toxicity Chronic aquatic toxicity

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16



#### **Hazard Statements**

H302 + H332 - Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled H360Df - May damage the unborn child. Suspected of damaging fertility

- H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
- H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

#### **Precautionary Statements**

P201 - Obtain special instructions before use

- P260 Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray
- P264 Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling
- P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection
- P304 + P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing

P312 - Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell

Additional EU labelling

Restricted to professional users

#### 2.3. Other hazards

Toxic to terrestrial vertebrates This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

### **SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

#### 3.1. Substances

Component	CAS No	EC No	Weight %	CLP Classification - According to GB-CLP Regulations UK SI 2019/720 and UK SI 2020/1567
Lead fluoride	7783-46-2	EEC No. 231-998-8	99.99	Acute Tox. 4 (H302) Acute Tox. 4 (H332) Repr. 1A (H360Df)

Category 4 (H302) Category 4 (H332) Category 1A (H360Df) Category 2 (H373)

Category 1 (H400) Category 1 (H410)

#### Lead(II) fluoride

#### Revision Date 09-Feb-2024

STOT RE 2 (H373) Aquatic Acute 1 (H400)	
Aquatic Acute 1 (H400)	
Aquatic Chronic 1 (H410)	

Component	Specific concentration limits (SCL's)	M-Factor	Component notes
Lead fluoride	Repr. 2 (H361f) :: C>=2.5% STOT RE 2 (H373) :: C>=0.5%	10	-

#### Note

Note 1: The concentration stated or, in the absence of such concentrations, the generic concentrations of this Regulation (Table 3.1) or the generic concentrations of Directive 1999/45/EC (Table 3.2), are the percentages by weight of the metallic element calculated with reference to the total weight of the mixture

REACH registration number	-

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

### **SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES**

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

General Advice	Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Immediate medical attention is required.
Eye Contact	Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Immediate medical attention is required.
Skin Contact	Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Immediate medical attention is required.
Ingestion	Do NOT induce vomiting. Call a physician or poison control center immediately.
Inhalation	Remove to fresh air. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim ingested or inhaled the substance; give artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. Immediate medical attention is required. If not breathing, give artificial respiration.
Self-Protection of the First Aider	Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination.

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

No information available.

#### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

#### Notes to Physician

Treat symptomatically.

### **SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES**

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media

#### **Suitable Extinguishing Media**

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment. Water spray, carbon dioxide (CO2), dry chemical, alcohol-resistant foam.

#### Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons

No information available.

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition. Do not allow run-off from fire-fighting to enter drains or water courses.

#### **Hazardous Combustion Products**

lead oxides, Gaseous hydrogen fluoride (HF).

#### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

### SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Ensure adequate ventilation. Use personal protective equipment as required. Avoid dust formation. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Evacuate personnel to safe areas.

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system. Prevent product from entering drains. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. Should not be released into the environment.

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Avoid dust formation. Sweep up and shovel into suitable containers for disposal.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

### **SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE**

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Use only under a chemical fume hood. Do not breathe (dust, vapor, mist, gas). Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Avoid dust formation. Do not ingest. If swallowed then seek immediate medical assistance.

#### Hygiene Measures

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

#### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.

Technical Rules for Hazardous Substances (TRGS) 510Class 6.1DStorage Class (LGK) (Germany)

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Use in laboratories

### **SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**

#### 8.1. Control parameters

#### Exposure limits

List source(s): UK - EH40/2005 Work Exposure Limits, Fourth edition. Published 2020.

Component	The United Kingdom	European Union	Ireland
Lead fluoride	STEL: 0.45 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 min		
	TWA: 0.15 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hr		

#### **Biological limit values**

This product, as supplied, does not contain any hazardous materials with biological limits established by the region specific regulatory bodies

#### Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) / Derived Minimum Effect Level (DMEL)

No information available

#### Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

No information available.

#### 8.2. Exposure controls

#### **Engineering Measures**

Personal protective equipment

Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Use only under a chemical fume hood. Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source

Eye Protection	Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles) (Euro			(European standard - EN 166)
Hand Protection	Protectiv	ve gloves		
Glove material Natural rubber	Breakthrough time See manufacturers	Glove thickness	EU standard EN 374	Glove comments (minimum requirement)
Nitrile rubber Neoprene	recommendations			(minimum requirement)
PVC Skin and body prot	tection long sle	eved clothing.		

Inspect gloves before use.

Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information)

Ensure gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion.

Remove gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

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Respiratory Protection	When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators. To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used and maintained properly
Large scale/emergency use	Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 136 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced <b>Recommended Filter type:</b> Particulates filter conforming to EN 143
Small scale/Laboratory use	Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149:2001 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced. <b>Recommended half mask:-</b> Particle filtering: EN149:2001 When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted
Environmental exposure controls	Prevent product from entering drains. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

### **SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

#### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical State	Solid	
Appearance Odor	Beige Odorless	
Odor Threshold	No data available	
Melting Point/Range	824 °C / 1515.2 °F	
Softening Point	No data available	
Boiling Point/Range	1293 °C / 2359.4 °F	@ 760 mmHg
Flammability (liquid)	Not applicable	Solid
Flammability (solid,gas)	No information available	
Explosion Limits	No data available	
Flash Point	No information available	Method - No information available
Autoignition Temperature	No data available	
Decomposition Temperature	No data available	
рН	No information available	
Viscosity	Not applicable	Solid
Water Solubility	0.065 G/100 ML WATER (20°C)	practically insoluble
Solubility in other solvents	No information available	
Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/wate	er)	
Vapor Pressure	No data available	
Density / Specific Gravity	8.440	
Bulk Density	No data available	
Vapor Density	Not applicable	Solid
Particle characteristics	No data available	
9.2. Other information		
Molecular Formula	F2 Pb	

Molecular Formula Molecular Weight Evaporation Rate

Lead(II) fluoride

F2 Pb 245.19 Not applicable - Solid

## SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1. Reactivity

None known, based on information available

#### 10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

#### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous Polymerization Hazardous Reactions	Hazardous polymerization does not occur. None under normal processing.
10.4. Conditions to avoid	Incompatible products. Excess heat.
10.5. Incompatible materials	Strong oxidizing agents. Acids. Fluorine.

#### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

lead oxides. Gaseous hydrogen fluoride (HF).

### **SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

#### 11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

#### **Product Information**

(a) acute toxicity;	
Oral	Category 4
Dermal	No data available
Inhalation	Category 4

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
Lead fluoride	LD50 = 3031 mg/kg (Rat)	-	-

(b) skin corrosion/irritation;	No data available
(c) serious eye damage/irritation;	No data available
(d) respiratory or skin sensitization Respiratory Skin	; No data available No data available May cause sensitization by skin contact
(e) germ cell mutagenicity;	No data available
(f) carcinogenicity;	No data available
	The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen This product contains one or more substances which are classified by IARC as carcinogenic to humans (Group I), probably carcinogenic to humans (Group 2A) or possibly carcinogenic to humans (Group 2B)
(g) reproductive toxicity; Reproductive Effects	Category 1A May impair fertility. May cause harm to the unborn child.
(h) STOT-single exposure;	No data available

(i) STOT-repeated exposure;	Category 2
Target Organs	Central nervous system (CNS), Blood, Kidney.
(j) aspiration hazard;	Not applicable Solid
Other Adverse Effects	The hazards associated with lead may be seen in this product. The hazards associated with Fluroride may be seen in this product. May cause gastrointestinal irritation with nausea, vomiting and diarrhea. Inorganic fluorides can be harmful. Acute exposure to fluorine compounds can lead to digestive tract burns, and abdominal pain. Exposure to fluoride compounds can result in systemic toxic effects on the heart, liver, and kidneys. It may also deplete calcium levels in the body leading to hypocalcemia and death. Fluoride can reduce calcium levels leading to fatal hypocalcemia. Ingestion of lead compounds can cause toxic effects in the blood-forming organs, kidneys and central nervous system. Symptoms of lead poisoning or plumbism include weakness, weight loss, lassitude, insomnia, and hypotension. It also includes constipation, anorexia, abdominal discomfort and colic. Symptoms of lead poisoning can cause muscle weakness, "lead line" on the gums, metallic taste, definite loss of appetite, insomnia, dizziness, high lead levels in blood and urine with shock, coma and death in extreme cases. Chronic inhalation and ingestion may cause chronic fluoride poisoning (fluorosis) characterized by weight loss, weakness, anemia, brittle bones, and stiff joints. Effects may be delayed. Chronic exposure to lead may result in plumbism which is characterized by lead line in gum, headache, muscle weakness, mental changes. Chronic exposure to fluoride compounds may cause systemic toxicity. Chronic expsoure to lead may cause adverse effects on human reproduction, embryonic and fetal development and postnatal (e.g., mental) development.

Symptoms / effects,both acute and No information available. delayed

11.2. Information on other hazards

**Endocrine Disrupting Properties** 

Assess endocrine disrupting properties for human health. This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors.

### SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1. Toxicity Ecotoxicity effects

Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment. The product contains following substances which are hazardous for the environment. May cause long-term adverse effects in the environment. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system.

Component	Microtox	M-Factor
Lead fluoride		10

 12.2. Persistence and degradability
 Product contains heavy metals. Discharge into the environment must be avoided. Special pre-treatment is necessary

 Persistence
 Insoluble in water, May persist.

 Degradability
 Not relevant for inorganic substances.

 Degradation in sewage treatment plant
 Contains substances known to be hazardous to the environment or not degradable in waste

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential	May have some potential to bioaccumulate
<u>12.4. Mobility in soil</u>	Spillage unlikely to penetrate soil Is not likely mobile in the environment due its low water solubility.
<u>12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB</u> assessment	No data available for assessment.
<u>12.6. Endocrine disrupting</u> properties Endocrine Disruptor Information	This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors
<u>12.7. Other adverse effects</u> Persistent Organic Pollutant Ozone Depletion Potential	This product does not contain any known or suspected substance This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

### **SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Lead(II) fluoride

Waste from Residues/Unused Products	Should not be released into the environment. Waste is classified as hazardous. Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives on waste and hazardous waste. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
Contaminated Packaging	Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point.
European Waste Catalogue (EWC)	According to the European Waste Catalog, Waste Codes are not product specific, but application specific.
Other Information	Do not flush to sewer. Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the product was used. Do not empty into drains. Do not let this chemical enter the environment.

## **SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

### IMDG/IMO

<u>14.1. UN number</u>	UN2291
14.2. UN proper shipping name	Lead compound, soluble, n.o.s.
Technical Shipping Name	Lead fluoride
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)	6.1
Subsidiary Hazard Class	Р
14.4. Packing group	III

### ADR

14.1. UN number	UN2291
14.2. UN proper shipping name	Lead compound, soluble, n.o.s.
Technical Shipping Name	Lead fluoride
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)	6.1
14.4. Packing group	III

Lead(II) fluoride

#### <u>IATA</u>

<u>14.1. UN number</u> <u>14.2. UN proper shipping name</u> Technical Shipping Name <u>14.3. Transport hazard class(es)</u> 14.4. Packing group	UN2291 Lead compound, soluble, n.o.s. Lead fluoride 6.1 III
14.5. Environmental hazards	Dangerous for the environment Product is a marine pollutant according to the criteria set by IMDG/IMO
14.6. Special precautions for user	No special precautions required.
14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments	Not applicable, packaged goods

### **SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION**

#### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### International Inventories

Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), China (IECSC), Taiwan (TCSI), Korea (KECL), Japan (ENCS), Japan (ISHL), Canada (DSL/NDSL), Australia (AICS), New Zealand (NZIoC), Philippines (PICCS). US EPA (TSCA) - Toxic Substances Control Act, (40 CFR Part 710)

Component	CAS No	EINECS	ELINCS	NLP	IECSC	TCSI	KECL	ENCS	ISHL
Lead fluoride	7783-46-2	231-998-8	-	-	Х	Х	KE-21903	Х	Х
•	0101	TOOL	70041						<b>DIAGO</b>

Component	CAS No	TSCA	TSCA Inventory notification - Active-Inactive	DSL	NDSL	AICS	NZIoC	PICCS
Lead fluoride	7783-46-2	Х	ACTIVE	Х	-	Х	Х	Х

Legend: X - Listed '-' - Not Listed

KECL - NIER number or KE number (http://ncis.nier.go.kr/en/main.do)

#### Authorisation/Restrictions according to EU REACH

Component	CAS No	REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XIV - Substances Subject to Authorization	REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XVII - Restrictions on Certain Dangerous Substances	REACH Regulation (EC 1907/2006) article 59 - Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern (SVHC)
Lead fluoride	7783-46-2	-	Use restricted. See item 30. (see link for restriction details) Use restricted. See item 63. (see link for restriction details) Use restricted. See item 75. (see link for restriction details)	-

#### **REACH links**

https://echa.europa.eu/substances-restricted-under-reach

#### Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC)

Component	CAS No	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) -	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) -
-		Qualifying Quantities for Major Accident	Qualifying Quantities for Safety Report
		Notification	Requirements
Lead fluoride	7783-46-2	Not applicable	Not applicable

## Regulation (EC) No 649/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 4 July 2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals

Component	ANNEX I - PART 1 List of chemicals subject to export notification procedure (referred to in Article 8)	ANNEX I - PART 2 List of chemicals qualifying for PIC notification (referred to in Article 11)	ANNEX I - PART 3 List of chemicals subject to the PIC procedure (referred to in Articles 13 and 14)
Lead fluoride 7783-46-2(99.99)	sr — severe restriction	-	-
	i(2) — industrial chemical for public		

https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?uri=CELEX%3A32012R0649&qid=1604065742303.

#### Contains component(s) that meet a 'definition' of per & poly fluoroalkyl substance (PFAS)? Not applicable

Take note of Directive 98/24/EC on the protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work .

Take note of Directive 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work

Take note of Dir 92/85/EC on the protection of pregnant and breastfeeding women at work

#### National Regulations

UK - Take note of Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (COSHH) 2002 and 2005 Amendment

WGK Classification

Water endangering class = 3 (self classification)

Component	Switzerland - Ordinance on the Reduction of Risk from handling of hazardous substances preparation (SR 814.81)	Switzerland - Ordinance on Incentive Taxes on Volatile Organic Compounds (OVOC)	Switzerland - Ordinance of the Rotterdam Convention on the Prior Informed Consent Procedure
Lead fluoride 7783-46-2 ( 99.99 )	Prohibited and Restricted Substances		

#### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment/Report (CSA/CSR) has not been conducted

### **SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION**

#### Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3

H302 - Harmful if swallowed H332 - Harmful if inhaled H360Df - May damage the unborn child. Suspected of damaging fertility

H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

#### Lead(II) fluoride

H400 - Very toxic to aquatic life H410 - Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

#### Legend

CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service	TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory
<b>EINECS/ELINCS</b> - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances	<b>,</b>
<b>PICCS</b> - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances	ENCS - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances
IECSC - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances	AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances
<b>KECL</b> - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances	NZIOC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals
WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit	TWA - Time Weighted Average
ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists	IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer
DNEL - Derived No Effect Level	Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)
RPE - Respiratory Protective Equipment	LD50 - Lethal Dose 50%
LC50 - Lethal Concentration 50%	EC50 - Effective Concentration 50%
NOEC - No Observed Effect Concentration	<b>POW</b> - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water
<b>PBT</b> - Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic	vPvB - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative
ADR - European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of	ICAO/IATA - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air
Dangerous Goods by Road	Transport Association
<b>IMO/IMDG</b> - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code	<b>MARPOL</b> - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships
OECD - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development	ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate
BCF - Bioconcentration factor	VOC - (Volatile Organic Compound)
Key literature references and sources for data	
https://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals	
Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, R	TECS

#### Training Advice

Chemical hazard awareness training, incorporating labelling, Safety Data Sheets (SDS), Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and hygiene.

Use of personal protective equipment, covering appropriate selection, compatibility, breakthrough thresholds, care, maintenance, fit and standards.

First aid for chemical exposure, including the use of eye wash and safety showers. Chemical incident response training.

Prepared By	Health, Safety and Environmental Department
Creation Date	22-Sep-2009
Revision Date	09-Feb-2024
Revision Summary	New emergency telephone response service provider.

# This safety data sheet complies with Regulation UK SI 2019/758 and UK SI 2020/1577 as amended.

#### Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

### **End of Safety Data Sheet**